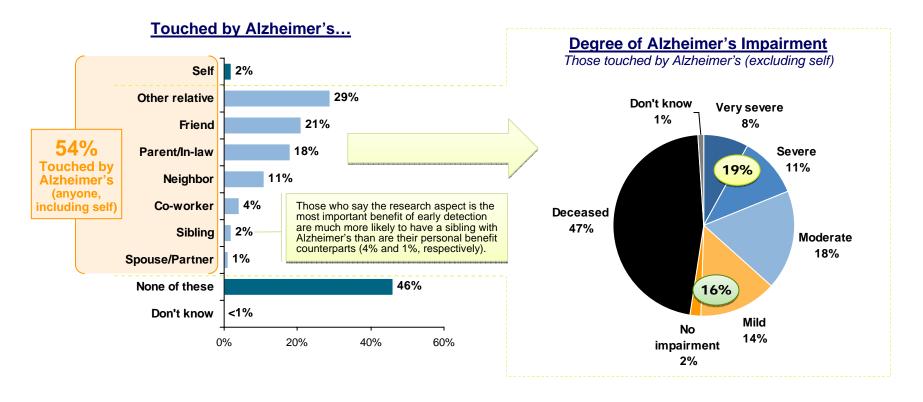
# HBO Alzheimer's Project/Harris Interactive Census: Examining the Impact of Alzheimer's Disease in America

Commissioned by Fidelity Investments Conducted by Harris Interactive

*April* 2009

### Over half the population has been touched by Alzheimer's

• 54% of the adult U.S. population has been touched by Alzheimer's - 2% have it themselves, and the remaining 52% know someone who has it now or knew someone who had it but is no longer living. Among those who know someone with Alzheimer's, 19% say it is at the very severe/severe stage, and another 47% say the person who has Alzheimer's is deceased.



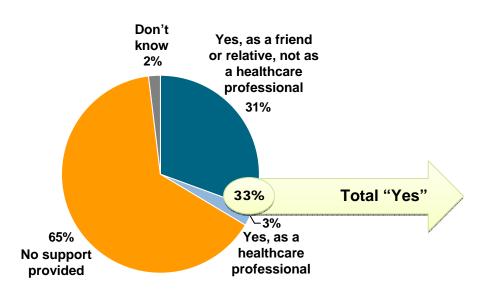
BASE: Total respondents (N=1002)
Q: Have you been touched by any of the following people having Alzheimer's Disease, whether living or deceased?

BASE: Touched by Alzheimer's (excluding self) (N=572) Q: At what stage would you say their Alzheimer's is?

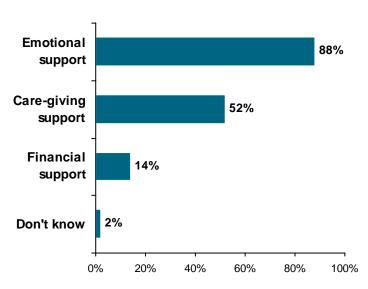
# One-third of those touched by Alzheimer's provide some level of support – typically emotional support

• Among those touched by Alzheimer's (excluding self), nearly one-third provide support as a friend or relative, another 3% provide support as a healthcare professional, and the remaining two-thirds provide no support to the person suffering from Alzheimer's. When support is provided, it most often entails emotional support, followed by care-giving support. While small in comparison, more than one person in ten is providing financial support.

#### **Support Provided?**



#### **Type of Support Provided**



BASE: Touched by Alzheimer's (excluding self) (N=572) Q: Do you currently provide some level of support to a person who suffers from Alzheimer's?

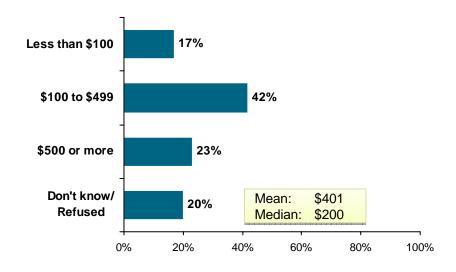
BASE: Provides support as a friend or relative (N=163) Q: What type of support do you provide?

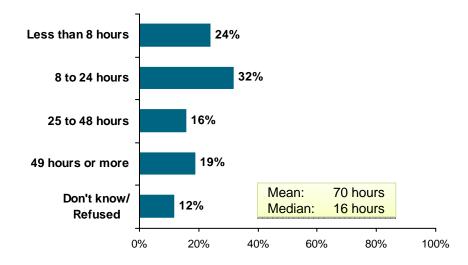
## Supporting someone with Alzheimer's is costly – in terms of money or time

• Of those providing financial support to someone with Alzheimer's, the median amount (or midpoint, with half giving more, half giving less) is \$200 per month. For those providing care-giving support give, the median amount is 16 hours a month.

#### **Financial Support Provided (Monthly)**

#### **Care-Giving Support Provided (Monthly)**





BASE: Provides financial support (N=29)

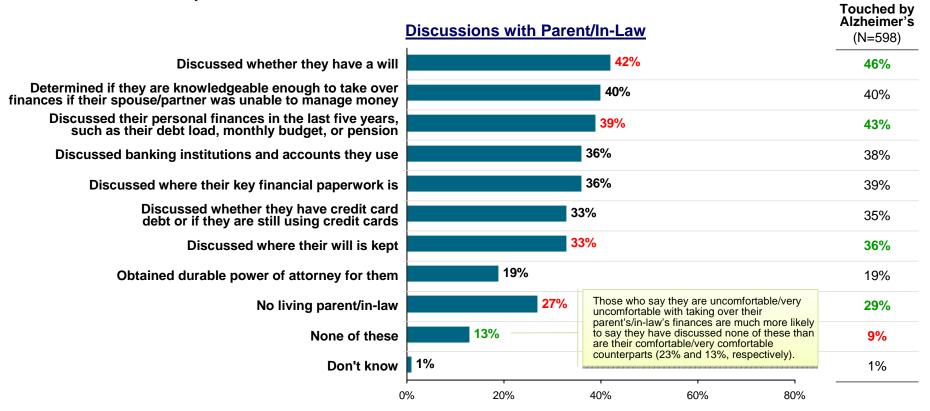
Q: Approximately how much financial support do you provide monthly?

BASE: Provides care-giving support (N=83)

Q: Approximately how many hours of care-giving do you provide monthly?

## Americans touched by Alzheimer's are more likely to discuss finances with their parent/in-law

• Americans touched by Alzheimer's are more likely to have discussed with their parent/in-law whether they have a will, where the will is kept, and personal finances in the last five years than is the U.S. population as a whole. The most frequent discussions center around whether their parents/in-laws have a will, determining if knowledgeable enough to take over the finances, and the status of finances over the last five years.



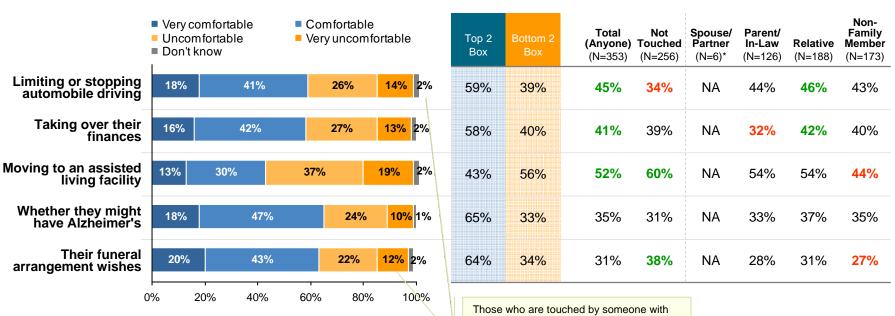
Q: Which of the following have you done with a living parent or in-law?

# The most uncomfortable topic to address with a parent/in-law is moving to an assisted living facility

• The more comfortable topics to address with parents/in-laws are whether they might have Alzheimer's (65% are comfortable) and funeral arrangement wishes (64% comfortable). The least comfortable topic (from list provided to survey respondents) is moving to an assisted living facility (43% comfortable).

#### **Comfort Level in Addressing Age-Related Topics**

## <u>Uncomfortable/Very Uncomfortable (Net):</u> <u>Touched by Alzheimer's</u>



BASE: Has a living parent/in-law (N=613)

Q: How comfortable would you be addressing each of the following age-related topics with a parent or in-law?

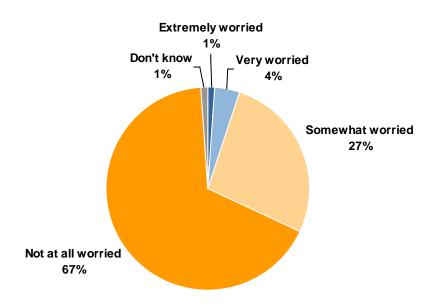
Inose who are touched by someone with moderate to severe impairment are more likely than their no/mild impairment counterparts to say they would be uncomfortable/very uncomfortable addressing limiting/stopping driving (43% and 23%, respectively) or funeral arrangements (38% and 20%, respectively).

<sup>\*</sup> Base too small

## More than 1 person in 3 is worried about getting Alzheimer's

 Among those who do not personally have Alzheimer's, one-third are worried about getting Alzheimer's (5% are either extremely or very worried). This concern is heightened among those who have a parent/in-law with Alzheimer's.

#### **Worried About Getting Alzheimer's Themselves**



#### **Touched by Alzheimer's**

	Total (Anyone) (N=572)	Not Touched (N=400)	Spouse/ Partner (N=14)*	Parent/ In-Law (N=207)	Relative (N=274)	Non- Family Member (N=315)
Extremely worried	2%	1%	NA	2%	3%	3%
Very worried	3%	5%	NA	4%	2%	2%
Somewhat worried	31%	24% <sup>L</sup>	NA	38%	32%	34% <sup>H</sup>
Not at all worried	64%	70%	NA	56%	62%	59%
Don't know	1%	<1%	NA	0%	1%	1%

BASE: Does not personally have Alzheimer's (N=976)

Q: How much do you worry about being diagnosed with Alzheimer's yourself?

Base too small

H Result significantly higher than the corresponding L result

# There doesn't appear to be a stigma attached to Alzheimer's – most Americans would feel comfortable sharing the diagnosis with others

• 7 in 10 Americans would be comfortable sharing their own or their loved one's Alzheimer's diagnosis with others. Only one-quarter would prefer to keep it private.

#### **How They Would Handle Revelation of Alzheimer's**

# Would prefer to keep private 26% Would feel comfortable sharing 71%

#### **Touched by Alzheimer's**

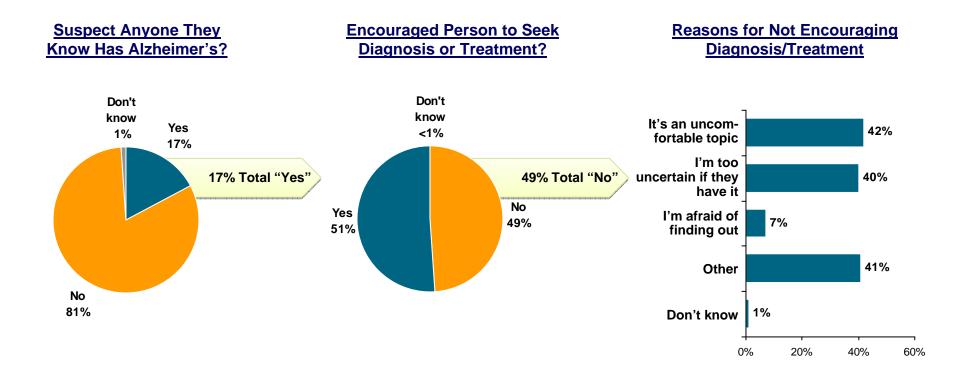
	Total (Anyone) (N=598)	Not Touched (N=400)	Spouse/ Partner (N=17)*	Parent/ In-Law (N=216)	Relative (N=286)	Non- Family Member (N=329)
Would feel comfortable sharing	71%	71%	NA	68%	71%	74%
Would prefer to keep private	26%	26%	NA	26%	27%	24%
Don't know	3%	3%	NA	5%	3%	3%

Q: If you or a loved one were in the early stages of Alzheimer's, would you feel comfortable sharing this information with others, or would you prefer to keep it private?

<sup>\*</sup> Base too small

# Nearly 2 Americans in 10 suspect they know someone with Alzheimer's who has not sought diagnosis or treatment

Nearly 2 in 10 Americans believe they know someone with Alzheimer's who has not sought diagnosis/treatment. Of those, half have encouraged that person to seek diagnosis or treatment.



BASE: Total respondents (N=1002) Q: Do you believe you know someone

who might have Alzheimer's but has not sought diagnosis or treatment?

BASE: Suspects someone they know has Alzheimer's (N=178)

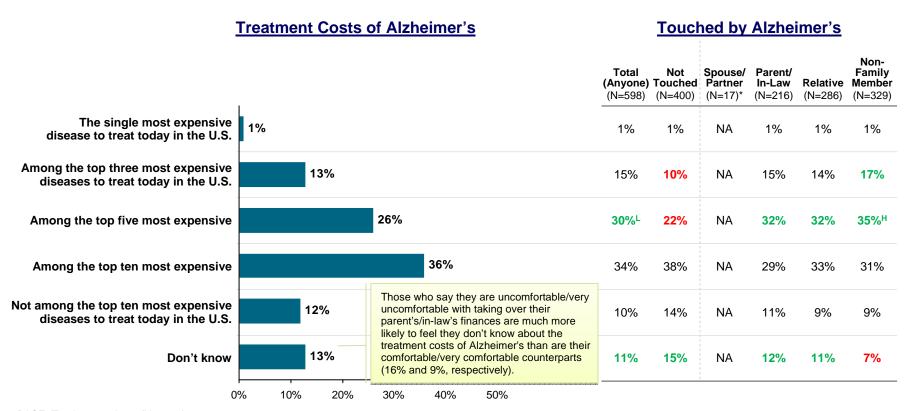
Q: Have you encouraged that person to seek diagnosis or treatment?

BASE: Has not encouraged person to seek diagnosis or treatment (N=86)

Q: Why have you not encouraged that person to seek diagnosis or treatment?

# Americans do not realize the financial impact Alzheimer's has on our country

 Only 13% of the U.S. population recognizes that Alzheimer's is one of the top three most expensive diseases to treat. The majority (62%) think it is either among the top five or top 10 most expensive diseases to treat. Another 25% don't know or believe it's not even among the top 10 most expensive diseases to treat.



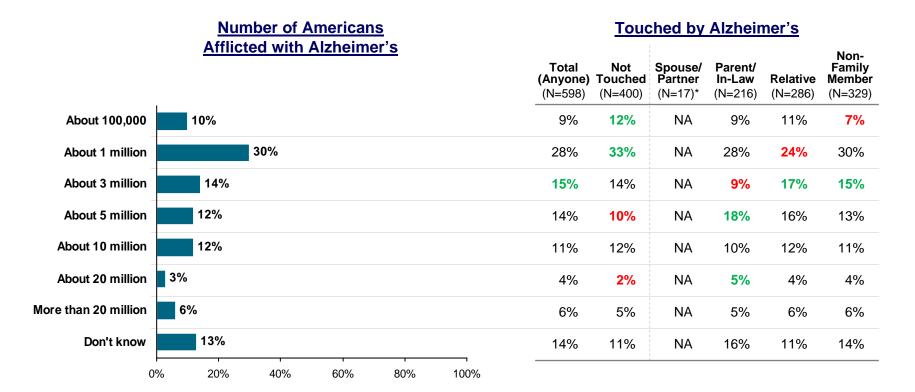
Q: Do you think Alzheimer's is...

<sup>\*</sup> Base too small

H Result significantly higher than the corresponding L result

## There is no clear consensus among the U.S. population as to how many Americans suffer from Alzheimer's

 Nearly one-third of the U.S. adult population believes there are about one million Alzheimer's sufferers. The other 70% are distributed across the board as to how many American Alzheimer's sufferers they think there are.



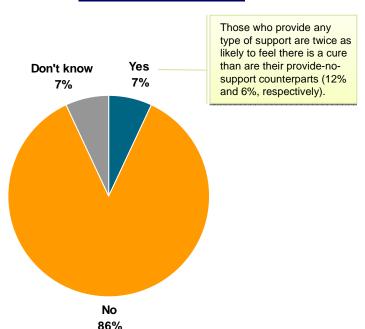
Q: How many Americans do you think suffer from Alzheimer's today?

<sup>\*</sup> Base too small

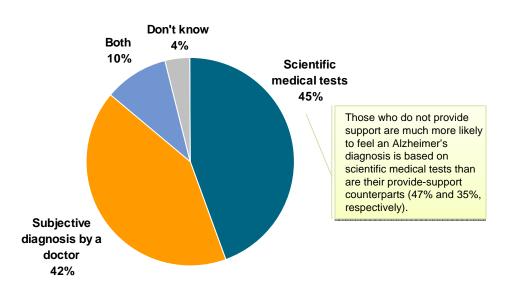
# Most Americans understand there is no cure for Alzheimer's, but many do not understand how the diagnosis is made

Nearly 9 in 10 Americans understand there is not a cure for Alzheimer's. Support providers are more likely to believe there is a cure than are non-support providers. A majority feels that diagnosis is made via specific biological tests (45%) or biological tests along with physician interpretation of physical and psychological measures and patient history (10%). Support providers are more likely than those not providing support to understand that a diagnosis is made by ruling out other causes of dementia and interpreting tests and changes over time.

#### **Cure for Alzheimer's?**



#### Diagnosis of Alzheimer's



BASE: Total respondents (N=1002) Q: Is there a cure for Alzheimer's? BASE: Total respondents (N=1002)

Q: Do you think Alzheimer's is a diagnosis based on scientific medical tests or a subjective diagnosis by a doctor?



## **Appendix**

## Methodology

Population Studied:	<ul> <li>U.S. residents, 18 years of age or older</li> </ul>
Sample Size:	<ul> <li>A total of 1,002 surveys were collected</li> </ul>
Data Collection:	<ul> <li>Surveys were conducted via telephone between February 6-8, 2009</li> </ul>
Weighting:	<ul> <li>Data was weighted to be representative of the U.S. population on the basis of age by gender, education, region, and race/ethnicity</li> </ul>
Significance Testing at 95% Level of Confidence:	<ul> <li>A green number indicates it is significantly higher than a corresponding red number</li> </ul>

## Demographic Profile

Gender	N=1002
Male	48%
Female	52%

Respondent Age	N=1002
18-34	31%
35-44	19%
45-54	20%
55-64	15%
65+	16%
MEAN = 45.7	

Race/Ethnicity	N=1002
White	73%
Black/African American	12%
Hispanic, Spanish, Latino	15%
Other	2%
Decline to answer	3%

Education	N=1002
High school incomplete	8%
High school graduate	27%
College incomplete	27%
College graduate	38%

<b>Total Household Income</b>	N=1002
Less than \$25,000	15%
\$25,000 to < \$50,000	24%
\$50,000 to < \$100,000	27%
\$100,000 to < \$125,000	8%
\$125,000 or more	9%
Don't know/refused	12%
MEAN = \$63,100	

<b>Household Size</b>	N=1002
One	17%
Two	36%
Three or more	47%
MFAN = 2.8	

Children in Household	N=1002
None	61%
One or more	39%
Under 12	28%
12-17	18%

Region	N=1002
Northeast	19%
North Central	22%
South	37%
West	23%

<b>Primary Residence</b>	N=1002
Metro	78%
Non-metro	22%